

✘ A new [UCLA study](#) raises health concerns about a nanomaterial found in a broad range of consumer products. Nanoscale titanium dioxide, which is used in toothpaste, sunscreen, paint, cosmetics, vitamins, food coloring, and nutritional supplements, has not been extensively studied for its toxicological properties. A team lead by Robert Schiestl, a professor of pathology, radiation oncology and environmental health sciences at UCLA, examined the effects of the ingestion of TiO₂ nanoparticles by mice. The test subjects began showing genetic damage on the *fifth* day.

Further study of TiO₂ appears to be on the horizon. The material is one of seven nanomaterials [targeted by EPA](#) last year for focused research. EPA is currently developing [a report](#) analyzing research needs for two applications of TiO₂, as a water treatment agent and as a sunscreen.