January 16, 2019

To: The U.S. Department of the Interior

RE: Request for Extension of Public Comment Period for the Department of the Interior's proposed amendments to its Freedom of Information Act regulations, 83 Fed. Reg. 67,176 (Dec. 28, 2018)

RIN: 1093-AA26

We, twenty-four law professors with an interest in the Department of the Interior ("Department"), the statutes it implements and resources it manages, and government transparency generally, request an extension of the comment period for the Department's proposed amendments to its Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA") regulations, 83 Fed. Reg. 67,175 (Dec. 28, 2018). The Department published its notice of proposed rulemaking on December 28, 2018, commencing a 30-day public comment period ending on January 28, 2019. We believe that this comment period provides the public with insufficient opportunity to address the proposed rule and request that it be extended 60 days, to provide for a 90-day comment period in total.

FOIA grants the public a broad right to request and receive agency records, promising transparency and a broad right to information, subject only to limited, enumerated exceptions. Its basic purpose "is to ensure an informed citizenry, vital to the functioning of a democratic society, needed to check against corruption and to hold the governors accountable to the governed." *NLRB v. Robbins Tire & Rubber Co.*, 37 U.S. 214, 242 (1978).

The right to information guaranteed by FOIA is often used by scholars like us to understand, evaluate, critique, and comment on the functions of government, including the activities of the Department. While all members of the public enjoy rights under the statute, FOIA recognizes the importance of the academic enterprise to its mission by giving "educational or noncommercial scientific institution, whose purpose is scholarly or scientific research" favored status alongside news media in its fees provision. 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(A)(i)(II).

The Department should undertake significant changes to its implementation of FOIA only with great care and only after an opportunity for robust, meaningful participation by the public, whose rights are at stake. The proposed rule includes significant changes including: 1) a new requirement that FOIA requests identify a "discrete, identifiable agency activity, operation, or program," rather than simply "reasonably describe" the desired records as dictated by FOIA; 2) it would allow unprecedented and potentially unlawful limits to be placed on the number of records the Department will process each month in response to a request; 3) it makes substantial and confusing changes to the Department's fee waiver process, including the removal of a provision directing that the bureau processing a fee waiver request "must not make value judgments about whether the information at issue is 'important' enough to be made public; it is not the bureau's role to attempt to determine the level of public interest in requested information;" and 4) numerous other changes to how requests are to be submitted and how the Department will process them and within what timeframe.

The current comment period is inadequate to allow the public to fully assess the effect of the proposed rule, its lawfulness under existing caselaw, and its consistency with the implementation of FOIA at other agencies, many of which receive and process a far greater number of FOIA requests each year than the Department. The timing of the comment period—during both the winter holiday season and a government shutdown that precludes the public from seeking additional information from the point of contact identified in the Federal Register—reinforce its inadequacy. Providing an extension would also be in keeping with the past practice of the Department to extend comment periods that are open during a period of lapsed appropriations. *See, e.g.*, BLM, New Dates for Close of Public Comment and Protest Periods Due to Federal Government Shutdown, 78 Fed. Reg. 67,392 (Nov. 12, 2013).

We therefore request that the Department provide at least a 90-day comment period.

Sincerely,

(All of the following are signatories in their personal capacity only. Institutional affiliations are included for identification purposes only.)

Bret Birdsong Professor of Law University of Nevada Las Vegas William S. Boyd School of Law

John E. Bonine B.B. Kliks Professor of Law University of Oregon

Alejandro E. Camacho Professor of Law and Director, Center for Land, Environment, and Natural Resources University of California, Irvine

Sara A. Colangelo Environmental Law and Policy Program Director Visiting Professor of Law Georgetown University Law Center

Sean Helle Associate Clinical Professor University of Colorado Law School Tracy Hester Lecturer University of Houston Law Center

Hillary Hoffman Professor of Law Vermont Law School

Linda D. Jellum Ellison Capers Palmer Sr. Professor of Law Mercer University School of Law

Sam Kalen Centennial Distinguished Professor of Law Associate Dean Co-Director, CLERR University of Wyoming College of Law

Margaret B. Kwoka Associate Professor The University of Denver Sturm College of Law

Renée M. Landers Professor of Law and Faculty Director, Health and Biomedical Law Concentration Suffolk University Law School Amanda Leiter Professor of Law American University Washington College of Law

Mary L. Lyndon Professor of Law St. John's University School of Law

Errol Meidinger
SUNY Distinguished Professor
Margaret W. Wong Professor of Law
Director, The Baldy Center for Law &
Social Policy
University at Buffalo School of Law
The State University of New York

Joel A. Mintz
Professor of Law Emeritus
and C. William Trout Senior Fellow in
Public Interest Law
Nova Southeastern University College of
Law

Dave Owen Professor of Law U.C. Hastings College of the Law

Michael Pappas
Associate Dean for Research and Faculty
Development
Professor of Law
University of Maryland
Francis King Carey School of Law

Justin Pidot Professor of Law University of Denver Sturm College of Law

Melissa Powers
Jeffrey Bain Faculty Scholar & Professor of
Law
Director, Green Energy Institute
Lewis & Clark Law School

Andrew Jay Schwartzman
Benton Senior Counselor
Communications and Technology Law
Clinic
Institute for Public Representation
Georgetown University Law Center

Mark S. Squillace Professor of Law University of Colorado Law School

Peter L. Strauss Betts Professor of Law Emeritus Columbia Law School

Mark Templeton Clinical Professor of Law and Director, Abrams Environmental Law Clinic University of Chicago Law School

W. William Weeks Clinical Professor and Scolnik Chair of Conservation Law Indiana University Maurer School of Law